



Section 1.	Product information and supplier details.		
Item code:	RG0134		
Product name:	R-134a Refrigerant		
Trade name:	N/A		
HSNO Approval number(s):	HSR001031 (R134a)		
Global warming potential:	1,430		
Ozone depletion potential:	0		
ASHRAE Safety Group	A1		
Use:	Refrigerant, Professional use only.		
New Zealand supplier:	Refrigeration specialties Ltd		
Website:	http://www.refspecs.co.nz/		
Physical address:	181a Station Rd, Penrose, Auckland 1061		
Phone number:	09 582 0200		
Manufacturer:	Global Refrigerants (s) PTE. LTD. 9 TUAS LINK 1, SINGAPORE 638587		

# **EMERGENCY CONTACT 0800 766 764 (National Poison Centre)**

Section 2.	Hazard Identification.			
GHS Classification:	Gases under pressure, Liquefiable gas			
Signal word:	WARNING			
Hazard statements:	H280 Contai	ns gas under pressure, may explode if heated.		
Pictogram:	GHS04			
Prevention:		abel before use.		
Precautionary statements:	<b>P410-P403</b> Protect from sunlight, store in a well-ventilated place.			
Emergency overview:	Colourless, volatile liquid with ethereal and faint sweetish odour. Non-flammable material. Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher levels, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result from exposure. Vapors displace air and can cause asphyxiation in confined spaces. At higher temperatures, (>250°C), decomposition products may include Hydrofluoric Acid (HF) and carbonyl halides.			
Potential health hazards:	Skin: Irritation would result from a defatting action on tissue. Liquid contact could cause frostbite.			
	Eyes: Liquid contact can cause severe irritation and frostbite. Mist may irritate.			
	Inhalation: R-134a is low in acute toxicity in animals. When oxygen levels in air are reduced to 12-14% by displacement, symptoms of asphyxiation, loss of coordination, increased pulse rate and deeper respiration will occur. At high levels, cardiac arrhythmia may occur.			
	Delayed effects:	No delayed effects known.		

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Other hazards:	Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen
	available for breathing. Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause
	frostbite. Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without
	warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects. May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Section 3.	Composition Information on Ingredients				
Chemical nature:	Fluorinate	Fluorinated hydrocarbons			
Ingredient:	Weight CAS number: Classification (%w/w)				
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	100	811-97-2	Gas under Pressure (Liquefied gas); H280		

There are no impurities or stabilizers that contribute to the classification of the material identified in Section 2

Section 4.	First aid measures	
General advice:	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. When symptoms persist	
	or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.	
First responders:	First aider needs to protect themselves, See Section 8. For personal protective	
	equipment. MONITOR THE BREATHING AND PULSE, CONTINUOUSLY.	
Symptoms:	Anaesthetic effects, Light-headedness, dizziness, confusion, incoordination,	
	drowsiness, or unconsciousness, irregular heartbeat with a strange sensation in	
	the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting, dizziness or	
	weakness. Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns and	
	frostbite. Skin contact may provoke Irritation, Discomfort, itching, redness, or	
	swelling. Eye contact may provoke Irritation, Tearing, redness, or discomfort.	
Skin:	Promptly flush skin with water until all chemical is removed. If there is evidence	
	of frostbite, bathe (do not rub) with lukewarm (not hot) water. If water is not	
	available, cover with a clean, soft cloth or similar covering. Get medical attention	
	if symptoms persist.	
Eyes:	Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes (in	
,	case of frostbite, water should be lukewarm, not hot) lifting eyelids occasionally	
	to facilitate irrigation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.	
Inhalation:	Immediately move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.	
	Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is available. Get medical	
	attention immediately. DO NOT give epinephrine (adrenaline).	
Ingestion:	Ingestion is unlikely because of the physical properties and is not expected to be	
<b>3</b>	hazardous. DO NOT induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by a physician.	
Advice to	Because of the possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs,	
physician:	such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution and only in situations of	
L1 2.2.2	emergency life support. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the	
	control of symptoms and the clinical conditions.	
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Section 5.	Fire fighting measures.		
Hazard type:	Compressed gas non-flammable		
HAZCHEM code:	2TE		
Decomposition	Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus for		
products:	protection against possible toxic decomposition products.		
Extinguishing	Use any standard agent – choose the one most appropriate for type of		
media:	surrounding fire (material itself is not flammable)		
Precautions for	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal		
firefighters and	protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a fire.		
special protective	R-134a is not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure.		
clothing:	However, this material will become combustible when mixed with air under		
	pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources. Contact with certain reactive		
	metals may result in formation of explosive or exothermic reactions under		
	specific conditions (e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures).		
Auto ignition	>750°C		
temperature:			
Decomposition	>250°C		
temperature:			
Flash point:	Not available.		
Further advice:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray.		

Section 6.	Accidental release.
Personal	Always wear recommended personal protective equipment. (section 8)
precautions:	Evacuate unprotected personnel. Product dissipates upon release. Protected
	personnel should remove ignition sources and shut off leak, if without risk, and
	provide ventilation. Unprotected personnel should not return to the affected area
	until air has been tested and determined safe, including low-lying areas.
<b>Environmental:</b>	Contain the spilled material, prevent the product from spreading into the
	environment. Spills and releases must be reported to Worksafe New Zealand
Method of clean	Evaporates. Recover as much product as possible if safe to do so.
up:	
Further advice:	Avoid open flames and high temperatures. Self-contained breathing apparatus
	(SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.

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Section 7.	Handling and Storage.
Normal handling:	Only qualified, experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the container contents. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container is ready for use. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminates particularly oil and water. If user experiences any difficulty operating container valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Always wear recommended personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours and liquid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Do not puncture, roll, slide, drag or drop cylinders, expose them to open flame or excessive heat. Use authorized cylinders only. Follow standard safety precautions for handling and use of compressed gas cylinders. R-134a should not be mixed with air above atmospheric pressure for leak testing or any other purpose.
Storage	Store in a cool, well-ventilated area of low fire risk and out of direct sunlight.
recommendations:	Protect cylinder and its fittings from physical damage. Storage in subsurface
	locations should be avoided. Close valve tightly after use and when empty.
Incompatibilities:	Freshly abraded aluminium surfaces at specific temperatures and pressures may
	cause a strong exothermic reaction. Chemically reactive metals: potassium,
	calcium, powdered aluminium, magnesium, and zinc.

Section 8.		Exposure controls – personal protection	
Ingredient		Workplace Exposure standards (WES – TWA) 8hr.	
1,1,1,2-Tetra	fluoroethane (HFC-134a)	1000ppm	
De-composit	ion products:	Workplace Exposure standards (WES – TWA) 8hr.	
Hydrogen Flu	oride	0.5 ppm TWA	
Carbonyl diflu	uoride	2 ppm TWA	
Workplace Ex	posure Standard – Time W	Veighted Average (WES-TWA). The time-weighted average	
exposure star	ndard designed to protect	the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.	
Other	Use work permit and line breaking procedure for maintenance work.		
exposure	Where open flame used during repairs, ensure system is purged with oxygen free		
guidelines:	nitrogen before commencing any work. Gas detection should be used when asphyxiating and potentially toxic or flammable gases may be released. Provide adequate ventilation,		
	including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.		
	Preferably use permanent leak tight connections. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.		

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Engineering controls:	Provide local ventilation at filling zones and areas where leakage is probable.			
	Mechanical (general) ventilation may be adequate for other operating and			
	storage areas. Fixed gas detection should be installed when asphyxiating and			
	potentially tox	kic or flam	mable gases may be released.	
Personal protective	Respiratory		None generally required for adequately ventilated	
equipment:	protection		work situations. For accidental release or non-	
		R. C.	ventilated situations, or release into confined space,	
		X/F	where the concentration may be above the TWA, use	
			a self-contained breathing apparatus or supplied air	
	respirator.			
	Eye		For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where	
	protection		there is reasonable probability of liquid contact, wear	
			chemical safety goggles or face shield.	
	Skin contact with refrigerant may cause frostbite.			
	protection	lin Si	General work clothing, overalls and gloves (leather)	
		should provide adequate protection. If prolonged		
			contact with liquid or gas is anticipated, insulated	
			gloves constructed of PVA, neoprene or butyl rubber	
		W	should be used. Any contaminated clothing should be	
Additional southers	\A/la ana ana 1 a a	4 tala 11 -	promptly removed and washed before reuse.	
Additional controls:	Where contact with liquid is likely, such as in a spill or leak, impervious boots			
	and clothing should be worn. High dose-level warning signs are recommended			
	for areas of principle exposure. Provide eyewash stations and quick drench			
	shower facilities at convenient locations.			

Section 9.	Physical & Chemical Properties		
Appearance:	Clear, colourless liquid and vapor		
Odour:	Odourless, Faint ethereal odour		
Odour threshold:	Odour threshold is subjective and is inadequate to warn of		
	over exposure.		
Boiling point:	-26.2°C		
Freezing Point:	-92.5°C		
Physical state:	Liquefiable gas, Gas at ambient temperatures		
Specific gravity:	<1.22		
Vapour pressure:	665 kPa @ 25°C		
Vapour density:	3.5		
Solubility in water:	0.9 g/L @ 20°C		
pH:	Not available		
Oxidising properties:	Non-oxidising material according to EEC criteria		
<b>Decomposition temperature:</b>	Not known.		
UEL / LEL:	No applicable data available		
Flash point:	Does not flash		
Molecular weight:	102		
Chemical Formula;	CH <sub>2</sub> FCF <sub>3</sub>		

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Section 10.	Stability and reactivity.			
Stability:	The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of			
	storage, use and temperature.			
Conditions to avoid:	The product is stable. Do not mix with oxygen or air above atmospheric			
	pressure. Any source of high temperatures, such as lighted cigarettes,			
	flames, hot spots or welding may yield toxic and/or corrosive			
	decomposition products.			
Incompatibilities:	Under specific conditions: e.g. very high temperatures and/or			
	appropriate pressures) – Freshly abraded aluminium surfaces (may cause			
	strong exothermic reaction). Chemically reactive metals: potassium,			
	calcium, powdered aluminium, magnesium, and zinc.			
Hazardous decomposition	On Combustion or thermal decomposition; Halogens, halogen acids and			
products:	possibly carbonyl halides.			
Hazardous polymerization:	Polymerization will not occur. Stable under recommended storage			
	conditions.			

Section 11.	Toxicological information.		
Acute inhalation toxicity:	LC50: Inhalation 4 hr. (rat) - > 500,000 ppm / Cardiac Sensitization		
	threshold (dog) 80,000 ppm. NOEL – 50,000 ppm		
Skin irritation:	Rabbit Classification: Not classified as irritant Result: No skin irritation		
Eye irritation:	Rabbit Classification: Not classified as irritant Result: No eye irritation		
Sensation:	Guinea pig Classification: Does not cause skin sensitisation. Result: Does		
	not cause skin sensitisation. Rat Classification: Does not cause respiratory		
	sensitisation. Result: Does not cause respiratory sensitisation.		
Repeated dose:	Inhalation Rat No toxicologically significant effects were found.		
Mutagenicity assessment	Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. Tests on bacterial or		
	mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.		
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Overall weight of evidence		
assessment:	indicates that the substance is not carcinogenic.		
Reproductive toxicity:	No toxicity to reproduction No effects on or via lactation Animal testing		
	showed no reproductive toxicity.		
Assessment teratogenicity	Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.		
Acute symptoms:	Effects following high level exposure: Headaches, Dizziness, Loss of		
	Consciousness		

Ecotoxicological Information.		
Decomposes comparatively rapidly in lower atmosphere (troposphere), products of decomposition will be highly dispersed and hence will have a very low concentration. R-134a is a gas at room temperature; therefore, it is unlikely to remain in water.		
Partition coefficient: octanol/water: log Pow: 1.06		
No data available.		

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Acute toxicity - Fish Component information		LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 450 mg/l (semi-static)		
		Remarks: experimental result		
Acute toxicity - Aquatic Invertebrates		EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 930 mg/l		
<b>Component information</b>				
Other adverse effects:		Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto protocol.  When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect.		
GWP, Component information:	Global warm	ing potential: 1430 100-yr		

### Section 13. Disposal Information.

Do not allow the product to be released into the environment, Consult the manufacturer or supplier for information regarding recovery and recycling of the product. Contact your nearest Refrigerant Recovery Trust depot.

Disposal must comply with local disposal or discharge laws. R-134a is subject to the <u>Climate Change</u> Response Act (CCRA) 2002,

Reclaim any residual refrigerant from disposable cylinders.

Section 14.	Transport Information.			
United Nations Model number: (UN)		Land	Sea	Air
		UN 3159	UN 3159	UN 3159
Transport Hazard class:		Class 2.2	Class 2.2	Class 2.2
Shipping name:		1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 134a)		
Packing group:		None allocated		
HAZCHEM code:		2TE		
Label:		HON-FLAMMABLE CAS		

# Other information:

Appropriate safety practices must be followed during transfer of refrigerant from a refrigerating system to a refrigerant container for transport or storage. Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 (and its amendments). Gas cylinders must be marked with: the proper shipping name, the United Nations number, preceded by the letters UN, a class label (red diamond). Gas cylinders must not be stored on the transport vehicle near a source of heat. The cylinder must be stored upright so the pressure release device communicates with the vapour space. Ventilation is required to prevent the build-up of flammable gas in the event of a leak. For enclosed vehicles like vans, station wagons and utilities with a canopy/cover, one means of providing ventilation is to stow the gas cylinders in a cabinet that is vented externally only, i.e. not into the vehicle. In the case of an open tray truck or utility vehicle, gas cylinders need to be in a locked cage for security. The vehicle should be fitted with a fire extinguisher that has a preferable rating of at least 30B. For larger quantities, additional requirements apply – see the Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005. Unodourised flammable refrigerant, including recovered refrigerant that has suffered from odorant fade, should not be transported in an enclosed vehicle or stored in an enclosed space, regardless of the quantity.

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Section 15.	Regulatory Information.		
HSNO Approval	HSR001031 (R134a)		
number(s):			
	DO NOT VENT TO THE ATMOSPHERE.		
To comply with provisions of the Climate Change Response Act (CCRA) 2002,			
Section 264; Offence in relation to release of synthetic greenhouse gases.			
any residual must be recovered. Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a), a greenhouse gas which may contribute			
to global warming.			
Training &	The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during		
supervision:	operator training. <u>HSWA (Hazardous Substance)</u> Regulations, Regulation 4.5		
Certified Handler:	Not applicable under current statute.		
Certified Filler:	HSWA (Hazardous Substance) Regulations, Part 15, Gases under pressure		
Controlled substance	Not applicable under current statute.		
licence required:			
Tracking required:	Not applicable under current statute.		
Personal Protective	HSWA General Risk Workplace Management Regulation 15		
Equipment:			

Section 16.	Other Information.
Current date of issue:	10 December 2018
Management of this	HSW (Hazardous Substance) Regulations Part 2 Labelling, signage, safety data
product:	sheets and packaging
	HSWA (Hazardous Substance) Regulations Part 3 General duties relating to risk
	management.
References:	Various sources of data have been used in the compilation of this SDS, they
	include but are not exclusive to: Guidance on the Compilation of Safety Data
	Sheets. (Environmental Protection Authority , 2017) Third party Safety Data
	Sheets. Hazardous-Substances-Safety-Data-Sheets-Notice-2017
Management of this product must comply with the Climate Change Response Act (CCRA) 2002,	

#### Disclaimer.

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